ASIAN EMS COUNCIL SURVEY OF EMS DIRECTORS AND ADMINISTRATORS 2012

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SCOPE

- Introduction
- Survey Method
- Findings
- Recommendations
- Conclusions

INTRODUCTION

- Asian EMS Council was started by a group of like-minded physicians from 8 countries in 2009 at an NAEMSP and Korean Society of Emergency Medicine meeting
- To promote EMS training, advocacy for better care and research
- This is the 7th meeting

SURVEY METHODOLOGY

- Internet based survey sent out to 150
 Asian EMS members in PAROS
 database over 4 months.
- Demographic data about country system collected
- Qualitative descriptions of top EMS issues collected

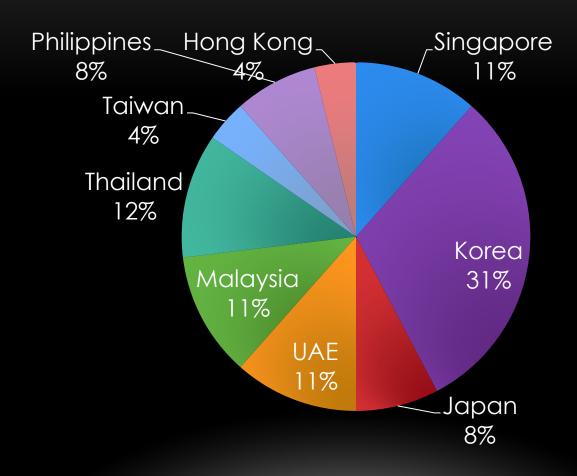
DEMOGRAPHICS

Demographics		
Length of EMS experience	Years	7.5
EMS director reimbursement		
	Volunteer	44%
	Cost Recovery	26%
	Fullly paid	30%
EMS fee payment		
	Free	22 (81.5%)
	Flat Fee	3 (11.1%)
	Tiered payment	1 (3.7%)
	Fee for service	1 (3.7%)
Tiers of service		
	1 Tier	35%
	2 Tiers	65%

DEMOGRAPHICS

Demographics	mographics				
EMS base	Туре			1 Tier / 2 Tier	
	Fire			10 / 2	
	Hospital			2/6	
	EMS base			3/0	
Geography					
	Urban			85%	
	Urban/Suburban			7%	
	Urban/Rural			4%	
	Urban/Suburban/Rural			4%	
EMS Skill level	EMT-B EMT-I EMT-P		EMT-P		
Most Common	6 15 3		3		
Highest Skill level	0 17 7				

RESPONDENTS BY COUNTRY



Respondents from 9 countries

TOP 10 ISSUES IN ASIAN EMS

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27

22

19

17

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S/N	Issue				Sc

Care Quality/Quality Assurance

Finances

Training & Education Capacity/CME

Recruitment/Retention & Career Paths

Public Perception/Pressure & Politics

TOP 10 ISSUES IN ASIAN EMS

S/N	Issue	Score
6.	Research Culture	16
7.	Training Standards/Accreditation	14
8.	Legal Framework	12
9.	Public Education/Community Involvement	10
10.	Recognition for EMTs	9

- Inadequacy of training instructors and facilities"
- No standardization of EMS training
- "My hospital is private hospital and due to limited EMT courses, 1st priority is only for public hospital. So we train our staffs unofficially by invite. the outsourced instructors to run the course for us without certification."

 "Politicians had strong resistance to accept the 'downgrade' pledge target call to arrival time from 12min to 20min for non-urgent cases"

- "Need to develop equipment that can be locally sourced and sustainable"
- "...Because most of (our) ambulance(s) have only 2 crew, we can't expect the high quality of prehospital care."

• "Difficulty in conducting research esp. RCT"

- "Paramedic seen to be lower than nurses"
- "No clear path for career advancement"

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	WHAT ACTIVITIES TO ORGANISES	
S/N	Activity	Sc
1.	Fellowships/Exchange programs	9
		7

- Research Workshop
- 3.
- EMS provider courses
- EMS medical directors course
- EMS standards course or discussion on credentialing for EMS training

- "EMT skill competition/demonstration"
- "Paramedic leadership workshop"

ISSUES TO ADVOCATE FOR2

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S/N	Iss	ue						So
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Higher standards of care

Evidenced based care

EMS education

Recognition for paramedics

Platform for information exchange

- Higher standards of care vs right standards of care for the environment
- Practical steps to advance the EMS system from basic to a high-quality system
- "Asian" standards of care?

- Legal framework for paramedic practice, including credentialing, enforcement
- "Elevate the status of paramedic to that of nursing or higher"

"Recognition of the EMS physician as a profession"

HOW TO INCREASE VISIBILITY?

5/N	Issue	Score
1.	Create an Asian standard of care	7
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Host an international/asian EMS
 conference

3. Promote EMS education4. Recognition for paramedics

4. Recognition for paramedics 4

- Promote Disaster Medicine Education
- Excellence in Clinical Research
- Collaborate with national govt agencies
- Co-brand with leading organisations

CONCLUSIONS

- The 2012 Asian EMS council survey covers 9 countries
- These results provide insight as to the current challenges and issues in Asian EMS